

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2009

EUROPEAN HISTORY, PAPER-I

S.No.

R.No.

		(PART-I)	30 MINUTES	MAXIMUM MARKS	:20
IIME	ALLOWED:	(PART-II)	2 HOURS & 30 MINU'		
NOTI					
NOTE		t attempt PAR 30 minutes.	I-I (MCQ) on separate A	nswer Sheet which shall be taken back	K
			ng of the options/answers	s will not be given credit.	
			<u> PART – I (MC</u>		
			(COMPULSOR	<u>RY)</u>	
Q.1.	Select the b	est option/and	swer and fill in the appro	opriate box on the Answer Sheet. (2	20)
(i)	By the Treat	ty of Paris (Ma	arch 1856) warships were t	forbidden on the	
	(a) Danub	-	(b)		
	(c) Black	Sea	(d)	None of these	
(ii)		of Amiens was	signed in		
	(a) 1802		(b)	1803	
	(c) 1804	1.0	(d)	None of these	
(iii)			igned between France and		
	(a) Germa	•	(b)		
Give	(c) Austri		(d)	Turkey	
(iv)			egovina were annexed by	· Turkey	
	(a) Austria(c) Russia		(b) (d)	None of these	
(v)			nino was signed in Octobe		
(•)	(a) 1789		(b)		
	(c) 1799		(d)	None of these	
(vi)		tion of Gastein		vantageous to	
	(a) Austri		(b)	-	
	(c) France	e	(d)	None of these	
(vii)	Von Moltke	was a Prussia	n		
	(a) States	man	(b)	Foreign Minister	
	(c) Genera		(d)	None of these	
(viii)		mbitions were	checked by congress of B		
	(a) 1856		(b)	1868	
<i>/</i> • \	(c) 1876	1.1.6.1.1	(d)		
(ix)			vere princi	-	
	(a) Syrian		(b)		
(v)	(c) Danub		(d) what Bismark was to Ger		
(x)	(a) Austri		what Bismark was to Ger (b)	France	
	(c) Belgiu		(b) (d)		
(xi)	.,		5 and died in		
()	(a) 1855		(b)	1885	
	(c) 1915		(d)		
(xii)		Laibach was l	neld in		
. /	(a) 1807		(b)	1819	
	(c) 1820		(d)	None of these	
(xiii)		of			
	(a) Hunga	•	(b)	Bohemia	
	(c) Hanov		(d)	None of these	
(xiv)	•	-	from		
	(a) Germa	•	(b)	France	
	(c) Austri	а	(d)	None of these	
				Dog	1

(xv)	-		pain to join in an attack on	_•
	(a) Portugal	(b)	Morocco	
	(c) England	(d)	None of these	
(xvi)	e	-	the French constitution of	
	(a) 1791	(b)	1792	
	(c) 1793	(d)	None of these	
(xvii)	Foundations of the	Republic were laid in	n 1870.	
	(a) First	(b)	Second	
	(c) Third	(d)	Fourth	
(xviii)	Napolean was born in	;		
	(a) Elba	(b)	Corsica	
	(c) St. Halena	(d)	None of these	
(xix)	Social contract was written			
	(a) Napolean	(b)	Voltaire	
	(c) Rousseau	(d)	None of these	
(xx)	Tithe was a tax related to _			
(111)	(a) Education	(b)	Land	
	(c) Business	(d)	None of these	
NOTE:	(ii) Attempt ONLY FC		Inswer Book. I-II . All questions carry EQUAL may of the attempted question will no	
			actors and the train which had been	(20
-	Liberty! What crimes are control to the termination of Reign of Terror.	ommitted in thy name". (M	Iadam Roland). Comment in the	(20
Q.4. Th	e Treaty of Tilsit marked the	e zenith of power of Napo	lean in Europe. Discuss.	(20
	hat part did Mazzani, Cavou Italian unification.	r, Gaxibaldi and Victor E	mmenual play in the history	(20
Q.6. Th	e Crimean War in a sense w	as watershed of European	history.	(20
	scuss the principles underlyi e 19 th century.	ing the colonial expansion	of European Powers in later half of	(20
Q.8. Wr (i) (ii) (iv)) Bismark	e		(20

(iv) Metternich(v) Triple Alliance 1882

EUROPEAN HISTO	DRY, PAPER-II FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMM COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION I RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17 THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 7 <u>EUROPEAN HISTORY, PAPER-I</u>	FOR 7 UNDER 2009				
TIME ALLOWED:	(PART-I)30 MINUTES(PART-II)2 HOURS & 30 MINUTE	MAXIMUM MARKS:20 CS MAXIMUM MARKS:80				
NOTE: (i) First attempt PART-I (MCQ) on separate Answer Sheet which shall be taken back after 30 minutes. (ii) Overwriting/cutting of the options/answers will not be given credit.						

<u>PART – I (MCQ)</u> (COMPULSORY)

 (i) The treaty of Bucharest was imposed by Germany on (a) Algeria (b) Bulgaria (c) Rumania (d) None of these (ii) Atlantic Charter was issued in (a) 1941 (b) 1943 (c) 1945 (d) None of these (iii) The project of Baghdad Railways was conceived by (a) Russia (b) Germany (c) USA (d) England (iv) Germany withdrew from the League of Nations in (a) 1930 (b) 1932 (c) 1934 (d) None of these (v) USA entered the First World War in (a) 1914 (b) 1915 (c) 1917 (d) None of these 	Q.1.	Select the best option/answer and fill in the	e appro	priate box on the Answer Sheet. (20)			
(c) Rumania(d) None of these(ii) Atlantic Charter was issued in(a) 1941(a) 1941(b) 1943(c) 1945(d) None of these(iii) The project of Baghdad Railways was conceived by(a) Russia(b) Germany(c) USA(d) England(iv) Germany withdrew from the League of Nations in(a) 1930(b) 1932(c) 1934(d) None of these(v) USA entered the First World War in(a) 1914(b) 1915(c) 1917(d) None of these	(i)						
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 (a) 1941 (b) 1943 (c) 1945 (d) None of these (iii) The project of Baghdad Railways was conceived by (a) Russia (b) Germany (c) USA (d) England (iv) Germany withdrew from the League of Nations in (a) 1930 (b) 1932 (c) 1934 (d) None of these (v) USA entered the First World War in (a) 1914 (b) 1915 (c) 1917 (d) None of these 		(c) Rumania	(d)	None of these			
 (c) 1945 (d) None of these (iii) The project of Baghdad Railways was conceived by (a) Russia (b) Germany (c) USA (d) England (iv) Germany withdrew from the League of Nations in (a) 1930 (b) 1932 (c) 1934 (d) None of these (v) USA entered the First World War in (a) 1914 (b) 1915 (c) 1917 (d) None of these 	(ii)	Atlantic Charter was issued in					
 (iii) The project of Baghdad Railways was conceived by (a) Russia (b) Germany (c) USA (d) England (iv) Germany withdrew from the League of Nations in (a) 1930 (b) 1932 (c) 1934 (d) None of these (v) USA entered the First World War in (a) 1914 (b) 1915 (c) 1917 (d) None of these 		(a) 1941	(b)	1943			
 (a) Russia (b) Germany (c) USA (d) England (iv) Germany withdrew from the League of Nations in (a) 1930 (b) 1932 (c) 1934 (d) None of these (v) USA entered the First World War in (a) 1914 (b) 1915 (c) 1917 (d) None of these 			· · /				
 (c) USA (d) England (iv) Germany withdrew from the League of Nations in (a) 1930 (b) 1932 (c) 1934 (d) None of these (v) USA entered the First World War in (a) 1914 (b) 1915 (c) 1917 (d) None of these 	(iii)		ved by	·			
 (iv) Germany withdrew from the League of Nations in (a) 1930 (b) 1932 (c) 1934 (d) None of these (v) USA entered the First World War in (a) 1914 (b) 1915 (c) 1917 (d) None of these 			(b)				
(a) 1930 (b) 1932 (c) 1934 (d) None of these (v) USA entered the First World War in (a) 1914 (b) 1915 (c) 1917 (d) None of these			. ,	e			
(c) 1934 (d) None of these (v) USA entered the First World War in (a) 1914 (b) 1915 (c) 1917 (d) None of these	(iv)						
(v) USA entered the First World War in (a) 1914 (c) 1917 (d) None of these			(b)				
(a) 1914 (b) 1915 (c) 1917 (d) None of these			· · /	None of these			
(c) 1917 (d) None of these	(v)	USA entered the First World War in					
		(a) 1914	(b)	1915			
(vi) Dulgania antoned the First Would War in		(c) 1917	(d)	None of these			
(vi) Duigaria entered the First world war in	(vi)	Bulgaria entered the First World War in		<u>.</u>			
(a) 1914 (b) 1915		(a) 1914	(b)	1915			
(c) 1916 (d) None of these		(c) 1916	(d)	None of these			
(vii) In the Battle of Passchendacle 1917 British losses were	(vii)	In the Battle of Passchendacle 1917 British lo	osses we	ere			
(a) Six hundred thousand (b) Five thousand		(a) Six hundred thousand	(b)	Five thousand			
(c) Three hundred thousand (d) None of these		(c) Three hundred thousand	(d)	None of these			
(viii) The plan came into existence in 1929.	(viii)	The plan came into existence in 1	929.				
(a) Marshall (b) Berlin		(a) Marshall	(b)	Berlin			
(c) Young (d) None of these		(c) Young	(d)	None of these			
(ix) By the Treaty of Versailles German Army was limited to	(ix)	By the Treaty of Versailles German Army wa	as limite	ed to			
(a) Six hundred thousand (b) Three hundred thousand		(a) Six hundred thousand	(b)	Three hundred thousand			
(c) One hundred thousand (d) None of these		(c) One hundred thousand	(d)	None of these			
(x) The Kellogg Pact was singed in	(x)	The Kellogg Pact was singed in					
(a) 1917 (b) 1926		(a) 1917	(b)	1926			
(c) 1927 (d) None of these							
(xi) In the Reparation Committee fixed Germany's reparation debt at 6,6000 million	(xi)	In the Reparation Committee	fixed C	Germany's reparation debt at 6,6000 million			
Marks.		Marks.					
(a) 1921 (b) 1927		(a) 1921	(b)	1927			
(c) 1937 (d) None of these		(c) 1937	(d)	None of these			
(xii) Mustafa Kamal was born in	(xii)	Mustafa Kamal was born in					
(a) Angora (b) Salonika		(a) Angora	(b)	Salonika			
(c) Sakaria (d) None of these		(c) Sakaria	(d)	None of these			
(xiii) The Treaty of Brestlitovsk was dictated to by Germany.	(xiii)	The Treaty of Brestlitovsk was dictated to		by Germany.			
(a) France (b) Austria		-		• •			
(c) England (d) None of these		(c) England	(d)	None of these			
Page 1 of 2		-		$\mathbf{D}_{0,0,0} = 1_{0,0,0} 1_{0,0,0}$			

EUROP	EAN	HISTORY, PAPER-II		
(xiv)	The	Dawes Settlement was signed in	·	
	(a)	1915	(b)	1924
	(c)	1925	(d)	None of these
(xv)	Batt	e of Jutland was fought in		
	(a)	1916	(b)	1915
	(c)	1914	(d)	None of these
(xvi)	The	Treaty of was signed with Bulgar	ia.	
	(a)	Trianon	(b)	St. Germain
	(c)	Neuilly	(d)	None of these
(xvii)	Gerr	nany faced during invasion of	f Norv	vay.
	(a)	Little resistance	(b)	Some resistance
	(c)	Much opposition	(d)	None of these
(xviii)	ii) By the Treaty of Lousanne, Turkey was allowed to retain			
	(a)	Smyrna and Constantinople	(b)	Constantinople and Armenia
	(c)	Smyrna and Armenia	(d)	None of these
(xix)	Hitle	er became President of Germany in		
	(a)	1932	(b)	1933
	(c)	1934	(d)	None of these
(xx)	Japa	n wihdrew from the League of Nations in		·
	(a)	1932	(b)	1931
	(c)	1930	(d)	None of these

<u>PART – II</u>

NOTE:	(ii)	PART-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book. Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II . All questions carry EQUAL marks. Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.
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Q.2. Critically examine the Treaty of Versailles.	(20)
Q.3. What is the significance of Bolshevik Revolution of 1917 in the world history?	(20)
Q.4. Explain the policy and methods of Hitler and describe his rise to power.	(20)
Q.5. What do you know of Fascism? How did it benefit the Italians?	(20)
Q.6. Evaluate the achievements of European Common Market.	(20)
Q.7. Evaluate the role of the League of Nations between the two wars.	(20)
 Q.8. Write short notes on ANY TWO of the following: (i) Stalin (ii) Depression of 1929 and England 	(20)
(iv) Kamal Attaturk	

- (ii) Depression of 19(iv) Kamal Attaturk(v) UNO.
