

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2001.

GEOLOGY, PAPER-1

TIME	ALLO	WED: THREE HOURS		MA	XIMUN	MARKS: 100
NOTE	: :	Attempt FIVE questions in all, incl COMPULSORY. All questions can			hich is	
1.	Classi	ify the fault genetically and briefly	describe	with the help	of suit	able diagrams.
2.	Discu	ss the rock cycle and explain how i	is relat	ed to plate te	ctonics	
3.		are the basic time stratigraphic un cologist find it necessary to establish				me units? Why
4.	Briefl ages.	y describe Phyllum Molluska and	give its	classification	up to cl	ass level with
5.		ly describe the major plutonic and v examples from Pakistan.	olcanic	rocks with the	neir com	position: Give
6. 7.	Write	a comprehensive note on Geodynar e short notes on the following: Differential weathering Primary structures of igneous rock Geomorphic cycle Metamorphic Facies	:	Pakistan.		
8.	Write	COMPULSORY only the correct answers in the Ans			oroduce	the questions:
	(1)	The two minerals calcite and arage have the same: (a) crystal habit (d) chemical composition	•	rdness (c) c	rystailin	eans that they e structure of these.
	(2)	The sentence "The present is the k the: (a) law of superposition (c) principle of uniformitarian (e) principle of cross-cutting r	(b) i <u>sm</u>	principle of (d) law	lateral of dimin	•
	(3)	When a conglomerate contains pacall it:	rticles th	nat are sharp	and ang	ular, geologists
A .		(a) an <u>arkose</u> (d) a <u>quartz arenite</u>	(b) (e)	a <u>travertine</u> a coquina	(c) (f)	a <u>breccia</u> None of these
	(4)	What type of rock makes up the g	reatest p	ortion of the	volume	of the
		(a) <u>limestone</u> (d) <u>basalt</u>	(b) (e)	gabbro shale	(c) (f)	granite None of these

GEOLOGY, PAPER-I

(5)	Geologists can recognize a gap in a sequence of sedimentary rocks that represents a <u>hiatus</u> in the record of geologic time by locating a feature known						
	as: (a)	an exfoliation dome		(b)	an isograd		
	(c)	a geologic column		(d)	a varve		•
	(c)	an unconformity		(f)	None of these.		
(6)	A foss	sil is most useful to ge	ologist	s as an	index fossil if:		
	(a)	it is only found in o					
	(b)	the species from whextremely long time		ormed :	had survived, u	nchange	ed, for an
	(c)	the species from wh		ormed	is closely relate	d to a n	nodern species
	(d)	it is only found in se Earth's history.					
	(e)	it is very different in	appea	rance i	rom other fossi	ls arou	nd it
	(f)	None of these.	••			•	
(7)	A geol they re sample	logist wants to distingui esist scratching. What st es?	sh betwe andard	een mir should	neral samples by he use as the bas	seeing h	ow well omparing
	(a)		(b)		teno's laws (c)		Mohs scale
	(d) (f)		(c)	, t.	he <u>Carnegie inde</u>	<u>X</u>	
(8)	Chalk,	, coquina , tufa , and tra	vertine s	ate natr	es applied to dif	ferent v	arieties of:
	(a)	mudstone	(b)	congl	omerate (c)	sandsto	one
	(d)	<u>Evaporite</u>	(e)	limes	tone (f)	None	of these.
(9)		ic <u>body waves</u>					* *
	(a) (b)	travel more slowly that may be either compre					
	(c)	are produced by the è				iquake <u>e</u>	picenter
	(d)	cannot be detected by	an iner	tial <u>scis</u>	mograph	•	
	(e)	are produced in the E	arth's <u>01</u>	uter co	<u>.c</u>		
(10)	move	logist describing a <u>fault</u> d upward, relative to roo e discovered?	discove ks in th	rs that : ie hang	rocks in the <u>foot</u> ng wall block. W	wall blo /hat kind	ock have d of fault
	(a) (d)	a <u>strike-slip</u> fault a <u>normal</u> fault	(b) (c)		<u>isform</u> fault <u>olique</u> fault	(c) (f)	a <u>reverse</u> fault None of these
(11)	Accor	ding to the 19th century	geolog	ists wh	o first developed	l the ide	a, a geosyncline
	is:						
	(a)	filled almost entirely					
	(b)	a huge fold in the mi					•
	(c) (d)	produced by contine a great trough that gr					
	(e)	produced by seafloor					
	(f)	None of these.	•	Ū	•		
(12)		the deep earthquakes i					
	(a)	spreading centers	(b)		le plumes	(c)	bcean trenches
	(d)	plate triple junctions	(e)	conti	nental shelves	(f)	None of these
(13)		ldest rocks on the Eartl					
	(a) (d)	in accreted terranes	(b)		d-ocean ridges	(c)	in <u>cratons</u> None of these
	1613	an <u>orogens</u>	(e)	шı şul	ouucuon zones	(f)	Mone of these

(19)Geologists use the equation called <u>Darcy's Law</u> to calculate:

the depth to the water table (a)

(b) the discharge through an aquifer

the water pressure in an aquifer (c)

(d) the volume of an aquifer

(e) the porosity of an aquifer

(f) None of these.

(20)A sinkhole is caused by:

pumping water from a well (a) (b) collapse of the land over a cave

(c) a violent eruption of heated groundwater

(d) tectonic settling between normal faults

(e) melting of buried ice

None of these.

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COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2001.

GEOLOGY, PAPER-II

TIME	ALLOV	WED:	THREE HOUR	S			MAXIMUM MARKS: 100		
NOTE	: :		npt FIVE questi IPULSORY, Al				uestion No.8 which is JAL marks.		
1.	Briefly (a) (c)	Mari	ibe the case hist Gas Field ian Oil Field	(b)	Khask	haili (oil and gas fields. Dil Field ndensate Field		
2.	How gravity and magnetic techniques are useful in hydrocarbon exploration?								
3.	Descri	be var	ious kinds of g	emstone	s and g	ive the	ir occurrences from Pakistan.		
4. ,			environmental o				sformation of organic matter into ce rock?		
5.	Write	a detai	l note on salinit	y and w	ater lo	gging	problems in Sindh Region.		
6.	How sites for dams construction are investigated? Which site you will suggest for dam construction on Indus River? Discuss.								
7.	Write	SHOR	T NOTES on th	e follow	ving:	•			
	(a) (c)		s of aquifers o active minera	ils of Pa	(b) kistan	Geoc (d)	hemical exploration technique Metallogeny of Pakistan		
				COMP	ULSO	RY QU	JESTION		
8.	write only the correct answers in the answer books. Do not reproduce the questions.								
	(1)	The r	nost necessary p	roperty	of a res	ervoir	is		
		(a)	Porosity			(b)	voids		
		(c)	Permeability			(d)	None of these.		
	(2)	The	oldest coal field	of Pakis	tan is f	ound in	rock of		
		(a)	Cambrian age	:	(b)	Tertia	ry age		
		(c)	Permian age			(d)	None of these.		
	(3)		youngest oil rese		ck of Ir	ndus Ba	asin is		
		(a)	Khera sandsto			(b)	Murree sandstone		
	٠	(c)	Pab Sandston	e	(d)	None	of these.		
	(4)	The c	lam situated on i	Kabul R	iver in	Pakist	an is known as		
		(a)	Warsak dam			(b)	Hub dam		
		(c)	Tarbela dam			(d)	None of these.		
	(5)	The t	oposheet that is	used for	ecolos	zical m	anning is usually of scale		
	(5) The toposheet that is used for geological mapping is usually of scale (a) 1:50,000 (b) 1:100,000					,000			
		(c)	1:63,360			(d)	None of these.		
	(6)	One t	on of oil is equa	l to US	bbl				
		(a)	7.33			(b)	3.77		
		(c)	37.7			(d)	None of these.		

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71	In V	hew	ra Salt min	es which me	ethod is	s used	for n	nining salt	
7)	(a) (c)	C	pen mining	3		b)	Pille	ar & room	
			dies of Bar	ite is reporte	d fron	1			
(8)		ı qua	ility of Dai Khuzdar	ite is repeat		(b)	Kal		
	(a) (c)		Ziarat			(d)	No	ne of these.	
(O)	1	ubic	h of the fol	lowing carb	on con	tent is	the l	highest	
(9)	(a)	viii C	Peat			(U)	DI.	GHILLIOND	
	(c)		Lignite	•		(d)	No	ne of these.	
(10)	Me	ารเม	ing units fo	or natural ga	s is				
(10)	(a)		BTU		:	(b)	M	MCF	
	(c)		BBL			(d)		one of these.	
(11)	· Th	c Pe	troicum ge	ology of Pa	kistan l	oook i	s wri	tten by	
(*.)	(a)		V.N.Qadr	i		(U)	IJ,	147.0.0.4	_
	(c)		I.B.Qadri		•	(d)	N	one of these.	
(12)	Vr	aloci	ty of P way	ves is minin	ıum in				
(12)	(a)		Salt dome			(v)		asalt	
	(c		Shale			(d)	N	lone of these.	
· (13)	í e	onai	h contour	map represe	nt			,	
(13)	(a		True thic	kness		(b)		orill thickness	
	(a (c	•	Apparent	thickness		(d)	Ŋ	lone of these.	•
(1.4)	T	1 T	roverline r	nineral is co	nsider	ed to b	e the	result of	•
(14)			Placer de	enosit	(b)	noi	rabir	tig achosic	
		a) c)	Fluvial d	leposit	(d)	No	ne of	these.	
(15	\	Vani	for is a roc	k which has	one of	the fo	llow	ing water	
(13		a)	Connate	water	(b)	Per	COLA	ICO MAIOI	
	-	c)	Meteori	water		(d)		None of these.	
(16	N	Maio	or causes of	f land slide i	ıs				
(10		(a)	Gravity			(b)		Vertical bedding	
	((c)	Rainfall			(d)		None of these.	
(17	7)	The	instrument	which mea	sure th	e inter	sity	of earthquake is	
()		(a)	Geopho	one		. (0	7	Octomor.	
		(c)	Magnet	tometer	(d)	N	one o	of these.	
(1	8)	Coa	d is found i	n one of the	follov	ving er	aviro	nment	
(,	· ,	(a)	Marine	;	(b)	1	CII C2	ti iai	
		(c)	Shoreli	ine	-	(0	i)	None of these.	
<i>(</i> 1	9)	Rei	note Sensi	ng Explorati	on is h	ighly	usefi	ıl for	
(1	,	(a)	water			Ų.	נט	Hilliciai	
		(c)	hydro			(•	None of these.	
e e	20)	W	nich one of	the following	ng is a	trace 6	eleme	ent in petroleum l	iydrocarbon
(,	201	(a)				,	נט	11	
		(c)				. ((d)	None of these.	

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COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17, UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2002.

GEOLOGY, PAPER-I

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS

MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

Note: Attempt FIVE questions in all, including Question No.8 which is COMPULSORY. All questions carry EQUAL marks.

- Define bedding and stratification. Discuss various types of bedding. Which features are employed to check whether the beds are right-side-up or over turned?
- 2. What are unconformities? Discuss various stages involved in their development and describe with the help of diagrams various types of unconformities.
- 3. What is the base of division of crystals into Systems and Classes? What are the peculiarities of the "NORMAL CLASS" of a system? Describe the symmetry of the normal class of the Hexagonal System.
- 4. What are FELDSPARS? Keeping in view the Al/Si distribution over the non-equivalent tetrahedral sites in the structure of feldspar. What is a disordered feldspar?
- 5. Write an essay on the Foraminifera with special reference to their distribution in Pakistan.
- 6. What is incongruent melting? Draw Phase diagram of the binary system-Leucite-Silica. Describe the characteristic features of this system.
- 7. Discuss the differences in the Petrography; chemistry and occurrence of the alkali basalt and tholeitic basalt.

COMPULSORY QUESTION

- 8. (A) What is the difference between the following pairs (answer only in one or two lines).
 - (1) Orthoclase and Sanidine
 - (2) Microcline and Maximum Microline
 - (3) Biotite and phlogopite
 - (4) Octahedral and Six-fold Coordination
 - (5) Normal and reverse fold
 - (6) Stalactite and stalagmite
 - (7) Gabbro and granite.
 - (B) What is wrong with the following sentences:
 - (8) There is no difference between a fault and a joint.
 - (9) Forsterite is formed by the thermal metamorphism of sandstone
 - (10) In the thermal metamorphism of impure Mg-limestone, a series of reaction are involved with progressiv Wiwiwon SSOTHINE.COM. Paystem.
 - (11) Essential minerals within Granite and Gabbro are quartz, alkali feldspar and biotite.

GEOLOGY, PAPER-I

- M.K.T separates the Indo-Pak Plate from the Kohistan Island arc. (12)
- Hardness of quartz is 4 in the Hohs Scale of hardness. (13)
- Kyanite and sillimanite are polymorphs of Al₂O₁. (14)1000 自由 1200 MY ACA
- Write only the correct answer in the Answer Book. Do not reproduce the (C) question.
 - Mg occupies the octahedral/tetrahedral coordinated positions in (15) the silicate structure.
 - The average thickness of oceanic crust is: (16)
 - (a) 5 km
- (b) 35 km
- (c).

- None of these. (d)
- Eclogite is the high pressure equivalent of: (17)
- Gabbro (b) Diorite
- Sandstone. (c)

- None of these. (d)
- The basalt-andesite dacite-rhyolite series of rocks occur in: (18)
 - Island are environment (a)
 - Continental marginal area (b)
 - Orogenic belts. (c)
 - None of these. (d)
- On the A.F.M. diagram, the tholeitic series exhibit: (19)
 - a non-iron enrichment trend
 - a high-iron enrichment trend (b)
 - a moderate iron enrichment trend (c)
 - None of these. (d)
- When there are two generations of crystals in the igneous rocks. (20)the texture is described as:
 - Porphyritic | (a)
 - Porphyroblastic (b)
 - Aphyric (c)
 - (d) None of these.

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17, UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2002.



GEOLOGY, PAPER-II

			: THREE HOURS			MAXIMUI	M MARKS: 100	
Note:	Attem COM	pt FIV IPULS	E questions in all, income ORY. All questions	cluding C carry EC	uestion UAL n	No. 8, which narks.	is	
١.	What	are Sa	It domes? Discuss th	eir evolu	tion and	economic sign	nificance.	
2.			cral deposits of Hydr				,	
. .	Make	Make a diagram of a modern drilling rig, label its various parts and discuss the function of the water-based and oil-based drilling muds in Oil well drilling.						
.	Brief	ly disci	uss the geological fact in ; a suitable site for	tors, whic	h shoul	d be taken into	_	
5.	Give	an acco	ount of the geological	material	s used a:	s building ston	es,	
ó.	What ore do of sur	eposits'	ysical technique(s) is ? Give details of the	/are recor technique	nmende	d for the prosp istrument(s) us	ection of iron- ed for this type	
7.	Write (a) (c)	lag ti	on the following: ime or bottom-up figu ble deposits in Pakista		(b)	coal and its	varieties	
			COMPULS	SORY Q	<u>UESTI</u>	<u>ON</u>		
3. .	Write quest	only t	he correct answer in t	he Answ	er Book.	Do not repro-	duce the	
	(1)	Ax ty (a) (d)	ype carbonate minera Calcite Siderite	ls are: (b) (e)	dolon None	nite (c) of these	Magnesite	
	(2)	Econ (a) (c) (e)	omic deposits of chro Muslim bagh Balu DargaiMal None of these	chistan	ur at: (b) (d)	Chillas Hazara Kohi		
	(3)	Barit (a)	e in the drilling mud mud weight	is used fo	r increa		None of these.	
• .	(4)		de marble, which of the cutting and polishing dolerite Granite None of these			ntinite	for making tiles	
	(5)	ls it t	rue that a rock may b Yes	e porous (b)	but not No	permeable:	:	
	(6)	•	ch of the following m Silica minerals Olioine None of these		c used in	par	ustry:	
. •		•	•					

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APER-II nich of the follow Talc Corundom			used as	vem minerals
nich of the follow Talc Corundom			used as	vem minerals
Talc Corundom			used as	vem minerals
Corundom				
		(b)	diamor	
		(d)	None o	of these
w much percent of	of total en	ergy is	produce	ed through nuclear and hy
le power generati	on in Paki	istan:		
10.3%		(b)	41.4%	
43.5%		(d)	any oth	ner ,
hat is the total pro	duction o	femde	oil (dai	ilv hasis) in Pakistan
60 000 bbls				
70,000 0015		(ų)	any on	ici tiguic
		(d)	Siderit	e ·
None of thes	e .			
e dam constructed	d on river	Jhehlu	ım is kne	own as:
			Warsal	
			Mangl	a Dam
hich of the follow	ing rock(s	e) ie/or	e ideal fi	or the accumulation of n
		5) 13/41		Shale
	icstone			Sandstone
			(u)	Sanusione
None of thes	se.	•		
ndslide are comm	only scen	in:		
Murree Forn	nation		(b)	Hazara Slates
Abbottabad	Formation	,	(d)	None of these.
w material for ce	ment indu	istry in	clude:	
				Shale
				Slate
•				None of these
: Olbomii			(1)	- Olla Ol mana
	elange at	Mingo		Hunza
Chaagai		. 3	(d)	None of these
lich type of Coal	shows his	ghest c	arbon co	ontent:
				Lignite
bituminous			(d)	None of these
	hat is the total pro 60,000 bbls 70,000 bbls 70,000 bbls hich of the follow Hemafite Periclase None of thes de dam constructed Tanda Dam Tarbella Dam Tarbella Dam None of thes hich of the follow fractured lim Marle None of thes Murree Form Abbottabad aw material for ce Limestone Clay Gypsum est quality emerid Ophiolitic m Chaagai Lich type of Coal	hat is the total production of 60,000 bbls 70,000 bbls hich of the following miner Hemafite Periclase None of these re dam constructed on river Tanda Dam Tarbella Dam None of these hich of the following rock(refractured limestone) Marle None of these midslide are commonly seem Murree Formation Abbottabad Formation Wurree Formation Clay Gypsum est quality emerld is reported Ophiolitic melange at Chaagai Lich type of Coal shows hig	hat is the total production of crude 60,000 bbls (b) 70,000 bbls (d) hich of the following minerals are Hemafite (b) Periclase (d) None of these dam constructed on river Jhehle Tanda Dam (b) Tarbella Dam (d) None of these hich of the following rock(s) is/ar fractured timestone Marle None of these andslide are commonly seen in: Murree Formation Murree Formation Limestone Clay Gypsum est quality emerld is reported from Ophiolitic melange at Mingo Chaagai Lich type of Coal shows highest co	hat is the total production of crude oil (dai) 60,000 bbls (b) 1,00,00 70,000 bbls (d) any oth hich of the following minerals are oxide of Hemafite (b) Magne Periclase (d) Siderity None of these the dam constructed on river Jhehlum is known and the following rock (s) is/are ideal for fractured limestone (b) Marle (d) None of these andslide are commonly seen in: Murree Formation (d) Murree Formation (d) Abbottabad Formation (d) as material for cement industry include: Limestone (b) Clay (d) Gypsum (f) est quality emerld is reported from: Ophiolitic melange at Mingora (b) Chaagai (d) Liich type of Coal shows highest carbon coal

Kimberlite are high Pressure ultrabic rocks and are the main source of the

Among the geophysical methods, resistivity method is most suitable for:

How much energy is produced through burning natural gas in Pakistan:

(b) 4.5%

Why the O.G.D.C. is called as O.G.D.C.L. now.

(b)

(d)

(b)

(d)

phlogopite None of these

None of these

(17)

(18)

(19)

terrestrial: (a) dia

(c)

(a)

(c)

diamond

Jad. Pyroxene

Ground water survey

Oil and gas exploration

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metallic mineral deposits

(c) any other figure.

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN PBS-17, UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2003

GEOLOGY, PAPER-I

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS

MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

NOTE: Attempt FIVE questions in all, including QUESTION NO.8 which is COMPULSORY. All questions carry EQUAL marks. Illustrate your answer with the help of sketches and diagrams where needed.

- 1. What are Sedimentary Rocks? How are these classified?
- 2. How Earth came into being? Briefly discuss theories about its origin.
- 3. What are EARTHQUAKES? How are these produced? What measures need to be adopted to mitigate the damage caused by the earthquakes?
- 4. What is meant by CONTINENTAL DRIFT and PLATE TECTONICS? Discuss various tectonic elements of the Earth.
- 5. What are FOSSILS? How are these preserved? List the most important INDEX Fossils of Pakistan.
- 6. What is STRATIGRAPHY? Briefly describe various stratigraphic units? Summarize the Paleozoic stratigraphy of the Salt Rage.
- 7. What is a MINERAL? Discuss various ROCK-FORMING MINERALS with the help of examples.

COMPULSORY QUESTION

8.	Write ve	ry snort notes on the following:		
	(1)	Foraminifers	. (2)	Pseudotachylite
	(3)	Trachite	(4)	Magma
•	(5)	Seafloor spreading	(6)	Magnetic anomalies
• •	(7)	Transform Faults	(8)	Strike slip faults
	(9)	Graben	(10)	Trench
	(11)	Island Arc	(12)	Sheet Volcanic Eruption
	(13)	Liquefaction	(14)	Crystal
	(15)	Salt pseudomorph structure	(16)	Cross Bed

Ripple Mark

Amphibole

(17)

(19)

(18) Pyrope(20) Manganese Nodule

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN PBS-17, UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2003

GEOLOGY, PAPER-II

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS

Kerogen

(19)

MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

NOTE: Attempt FIVE questions in all, including QUESTION NO.8 which is COMPULSORY. All questions carry EQUAL marks. Illustrate your answer with the help of sketches and diagrams where needed.

- 1. Discuss METALLIC MINERAL RESOURCES of Pakistan? Suggest economically viable, mineral-based industries for various deposits?
- 2. What are the major COALFIELDS of Pakistan? Discuss their Rank and Quality, and propose their suitable industrial applications.
- 3. Briefly describe ORIGIN, MIGRATION AND OCCURRENCES of hydrocarbons. Discuss HYDROCARBON PROVINCES of Pakistan.
- 4. What are the important RADIOACTIVE MINERALS? Discuss their host rocks and occurrences in Pakistan.
- 5. What are LANDSLIDES? Discuss various hazards associate with them. Describe measures to control landslides.
- 6. Write any essay on the WATER RESOURCES OF PAKISTAN. Suggest measures to control water-logging and salinity.
- 7. Discuss GEOPHYSICAL PROSPECTING TECHNIQUES employed for the exploration of metals, water and hydrocarbons.

COMPULSORY QUESTION

Write Very Brief NOTES on the followings: 8. (2)Monocline Confined and unconfined aquifer (1) Gemstones (4) Orocline (3)Soils. (6)Geochemical Exploration (5)Reservoir Rocks Any two engineering properties of Soils (8) Porosity (10)Salt Dome Rockslide (12)Permeability (11)Avalanche (14)Any two properties of building stones (13)BOD Point source of pollution (16)(15)Wire line logs (18)Bentonite (17)

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(20)

Trace elements

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17, UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2004

GEOLOGY, PAPER-I

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS

MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

OTE: Attempt FIVE questions in all, including Question No. 8 which is COMPULSORY.
All questions carry EQUAL marks. Illustrate your answer with sketches where needed.

- 1. What methods are available to determine the age of the Earth? Describe its internal structure.
- 2. Discuss the origin of MAGMA in relation to plate tectonics. How different types of igneous rocks are formed from a single magma?
- What is the significance of physical properties of minerals? Describe the PYROXENE group of minerals.
- 4. Define FORMATION. Describe the Tertiary sequence of strata in Sindh.
- 5. How do you classify FAULTS? Discuss the importance of CHAMAN FAULT in the geology of Pakistan.
- 6. How do you locate the epicenter of an earthquake? What measures are necessary for those areas of Pakistan which are seismically active?
- 7. Describe the morphology of CEPHALOPODS. What is their significance in the stratigraphy of Pakistan?

COMPULSORY QUESTION

8. Write very short notes on the following:

(1)	Turbidites	(2)	Asthenosphere
(3)	Pillow lava	(4)	Cross bedding
(5)	Continental Slope	(6)	Index fossil
(7)	Arkose	(8)	Enfoliation
(9)	Submarine fan	(10)	Kaolinite
(11)	Braided river	(12)	Main Mantle Thrus
(13)	Eclogite	(14)	Centre of symmetry
(15)	Marker bed	(16)	Syenite
(17)	Bireferengence	(18)	Globogerina
(19)	Phyllosilicate	(20)	Chert

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17, UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2004

GEOLOGY, PAPER-II

NOTE: MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

Attempt FIVE questions in all, including Question No. 8 which is COMPULSORY.

All questions carry EQUAL marks. Illustrate your answer with sketches where needed.

- 1. What is a PORPHYRY Copper deposit? Describe the geology of SAINDAK area.
- 2. Describe the ranks of Coal. What are the problems of Utilization of THAR Coal?
- 3. What geological factors must be considered in the selection of sites for DAMS? Discuss the silting problem in Mangla and Tarbela.
- 4. Explain the DARCY Law. Can groundwater exploration be an alternate to Kalabagh Dam?
- 5. Describe the structure and stratigraphy of SUI gas field. What are the advantages and disadvantages of an international gas pipeline to Pakistan?
- 6. Discuss two common geophysicas techniques employed in the exploration of oil and for groundwater.
- 7. What factors are responsible for LANDSLIDES? How will you stabilize a frequently sliding mass of shales and mudstones?

COMPULSORY QUESTION

8. Write very short notes on the following:

(1)	Artesian Well	(2)	Cable tool drillin
(3)	Talethermal deposits	(4)	Ceramic minerals
(5).	Tar sands	(6)	Water logging
(7)	Karez	(8)	Lapidary
(9)	Bouger anamoly	(10)	Vitrinite
(11)	Stratigraphic traps	(12)	Geophones
(13)	Sour gas	(14)	Aquitards
(15)	Formation Pressure	(16)	Pile Foundation
(17)	Onyx	(18)	Resistivity log
(19)	Compressive strength	(20)	Decorative stones

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COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17, UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2005

GEOLOGY, PAPER-I

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS

MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

NOTE: Attempt FIVE questions in all, including QUESTION NO.8, which is COMPULSORY.
All questions carry EQUAL marks. Illustrate your answer with sketches where needed.

- 1. Define mineral, crystal and rock. Describe the Feldspar group of minerals.
- 2. How do you classify Folds? Discuss the types of Folds in the mountains of Baloshitan.
- 3. Discuss the process of weathering and erosion. What is the importance of these processes?
- 4. Describe the morphology of Brachiopods. What is their significance in the stratigraphy of Pakistan?
- 5. What is the difference between magnitude and intensity of an earthquake? What are earthquake resistant structures?
- 6. What is Stratigraphic Code of Pakistan? Describe the Paleozoic rocks of the Salt Range.
- 7. How do the sediments convert to sedimentary rocks? Describe a few clastic sedimentary rock.

COMPULSORY QUESTION

8. Write very short note on the following:-

(1)	Sedimentary facies	(2)	Lithosphere
(3)	Roppy lava	(4)	Flute cast
(5)	Continental shelf	(6)	Fossil fuel
(7)	Gray wack	(8)	Extension joints
(9)	Submarine Fan	(10)	Garnet
(11)	Graded river	(12)	Chevron folds
(13)	Hornfels	(14)	Axis of symmetry
(15)	Marker bed	(16)	Peridotite
(17)	Interference colors	(18)	Discocyclina
(19)	Cyclosilicate	(20)	Pyrite

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17, UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2005

ZOOLOGY, PAPER-II

TIME A		VED: THREE HOURS Attempt FIVE questions in all, including a COMPULSORY. All questions carry EQUEQUIRED.					
	(a) (b)	List the steps involved in the synthesis of protein starting from DNA. Give an account of morphology, chemical composition and function of Colgi Complex. (9)					
2. ((a)	Briefly discuss the mechanism involved in to tissue.	n transport of Oxygen from lungs (12)				
((b)	What are the different excretory products are produced in different animal groups?	in animals? How and why these (8)				
3. ((a)	Discuss the multiple allelic inheritance wi ABO blood groups in man.	th reference to inheritance of (9)				
((b)	Define epistasis. How does it differ from of epistasis interactions.	dominance? Give three examples (11)				
		Give a brief account of the possible origin Compare Darwin's theory of natural select Acquired characters.					
	(a) (b)	Define an ecosystem. Discuss pond as an e What is biogeochemical cycle? 'Describe					
6. ((a)	Discuss the role of polyploidy in developments.	ment of commercial varieties in (10)				
((b)	Discuss the different enzymes involved in	digestion in man. (10)				
7.		hort notes on:	(5 each)				
			somes Pollution				
		COMPULSORY QUE	<u>STION</u>				
8. \	Write e	nly the correct answer in the Answer Bool	k. Do not reproduce the question.				
		The chemical composition of a chromosoi (a) Lipoprotein (b) (c) Nucleoprotein (d)	ne is: Oligopolysaccharid None of these				
		Lysosomes are responsible for: (a) Protein synthesis (b) (c) Intracellular break down (d)	ATP formation None of these				
(Ribosomes are located on: (a) cell membranes (b) (c) Mitochondria (d) (c) None of these	Rough Endoplasmic reticulum Nuclear membrane				
(4		The metaphase chromosomes are thick bed (a) Multiply (b) (c) Coiled Coiling (d)	cause these: Duplicate Nonc of these				
((5)	Glycolysis occurs in: (a) Cytoplasm (b) (c) Cell membrane (d)	Mitochondria All of these www.cssonline.com.p				

ZOOLOGY, PAPER-II

(6)	Nerve	s convey the message in the fo	rm of:	
` '	(a)	Physical impulse	(b)	Chemical impulse
	(c)	Electrical impulse	(d)	None of these
(7)	Follic	le stimulating hormone is prod	luced in	
	(a)	Ovary	(b)	Pituitary.
	(c)	Hypothalamus	(d)	All of these
(8)	The p	rimary excretory product is:		
	(a)	Ammonia	(b)	Carbon dioxide
	(c)	facces	(d)	None of these
(9)	Pepsi	n is responsible for digestion o		
	(a)	carbohydrate	(b)	lipid
	(c)	Protein	(d)	All of these
(10)		individual in men is phenotyp		
	(a)	Male	(b	Female
	(c)	Intersex	(d)	None of these
(11)		inked genes are located on (in		O. In an V. shramarama
	(a)	Only on X chromosome	(b)	Only on Y chromosome
	(c)	Sex chromosome	(d)	All of these
(12)		clian Segregation is applicable	to:	A Aminoria
	(a)	Gametogenesis	(b)	Meiosis None of these
	(c)	Spore formation	(d)	None of trese
(13)		number of the alleles of a gene		
	(a)	Any number	(b)	One
	(c)	Two	(d)	Three
(14)	The	gene mapping is measured in:	as	N.C.
	(a)	Millimeters	(b)	Microns
	(c)	Angstrom	(d)	Centi Morgan
(15)	Gene	ctic dominance concerns with t		
	(a)	Heterozygous	(b)	Homozygous
	(c)	Both (a) and (b)	(d)	None of these
(16)	The	first living organism was:	41.5	
	(a)	Algal cell	(b)	Virus
•	(c)	Bacteria	(d)	None of these
(17)		ymes are chemically:	(L)	1114 1
	(a)	carbohydrates	(p)	lipids '
	(c)	lipoprotein	(d)	Proteins
(18)		ory of Natural Selection was in		proposed by: Wallace
	(a)	Darwin	(b)	Lyli
	(c)	Both Darwin and Wallace	. (d)	
(19)		ond law of thermodynamics de		Enguer loss during transfer of energy
	(a)	Energy stability	(b)	Energy loss during transfer of energy other (d) None of these
	(c)	Energy flow from one form	n to and	other (d) None of these
(20)		basic purpose of ecosystem is	: 45	Engray flow
	(a)	Maintenance of organisms		Energy flow None of these
	(c)	Chemical movements	(d)	Mone of mese

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